VOL- XI	ISSUE- I	JANUARY	2024	PEER REVIEW e-JOURNAL	IMPACT FACTOR 8.02	ISSN 2349-638x	
	Effect of Vasa Ghrita Matra basti in the treatment of vataj kasa						
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### Abstract

In Ayurved, for well being of the patients, several diseases have been described along with simple and various remedies. Kasa vyadhi somewhat troublesome, found in all the stages of life, which disturbs the patient physically, mentally and socially. Since ages Ayurveda is well known for its maulik siddhantas & the miraculous clinical efficacy enriched by specified procedures like Panchakarmas. The combination of Bhaishaijya kalpanas which are invented by acharyas and followers, with the ancient traditional healing system of Ayurveda was the golden opportunity for vaidyas and acharyas to treat the patients in the World. Use of dravyas like Ghritas, tailas, avalehas along with some herbs with proper samskaras with a least quantity for faster and accurate results is a specialty of Ayurveda since ages.

# In Ayurvedic texts, several preparations are

mentioned under the title of Kasa. Since Samhita kala, Ayurved was enriched with the herbomineral, especially Siddha ghrita preparations which were proved to be magnificent on various aspects like faster and better results, higher efficacy in user's friendly dosage forms, that leads to convenience in administration, and more shelf life. Kasa is specified in 5 types & characterized by type of kasan. There are many types of kalpas which act on Kasa, described in different texts. Vasavleha kantakaryavaleha are herbal preparations which may help to control Vataj Kasa all over. Both drugs could be a suitable remedy for Vataj kasa due to their ability of samprapti vighatana of Vataj Kasa.

# **Aims and Objectives**

• To observe the efficacy of Vasa ghrita matra basti on vataj kasa.

# **Materials and Methods**

### Vasa Ghrita Matra Basti

It was prepared by making Vasa swaras siddha ghrita. And matra basti was prepared of 60ml dose.

This was a prospective, pilot study involving patients with symptoms of Vataj kas. Patients were given according treatment of Vasa Ghrita Matra Basti. Study was carried out at Hospital and OPD. Study period was 7 days. The duration of administration of Vasa Ghrita Matra Basti was 7 days for each patient.

# Inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients diagnosed as Vataj kas
- Patients between age 21 to 60 years
  - 2. Patients who are not taking any other medicines

# **Exclusion criteria**

- 1. Patients below 21 and above 60 years
- 2. Patients taking medicines for other problems like asthma.
- 3. Pantients having symptoms related to chronicity.
- 4. patients having other infections like pneumonia etc were excluded.
- 5. Patients having any other treatment.

#### **Study Procedure**

Each patient was given matra basti 60 ml of Vasa Ghrita for 7 days

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Mild - During kasa veg Moderaet - During kasa veg and persi time even after kasa veg Severe - Continuous Udar shoola Absent Mild - During kasa veg Moderate- During kasa veg and persis time even after kasa veg Severe - Continuous Swar Bhed - Absent Mild - During kasa veg Moderate -During kasa veg and persis time even after kasa veg Severe - Continuous Swara ksheenata- Mild- After kasa veg and relieved b water/liquids	e involved, done instead bular form. sts for some sts for some sts for some sts for some	Taking wa Vega pras Mild < Moderate Severe - Kantha Ks Mild - Pai Moderate even after Severe - 0 <b>Results a</b> Symptom 12 10 8 6 4 2 0 8 6 4 2 0 8 6 4 2 0 8 6 4 2 0 8 8 6 4 2 0 8 8 6 4 2 0 8 8 6 4 2 0 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	<ul> <li>1 minute</li> <li>1 minute to 3 minutes</li> <li>Wide duration, &gt; 3 minutes</li> <li>Wide duration during kasa</li> <li>Pain &amp; irritation persectas</li> <li>kasa veg and relieved its</li> <li>Continuous pain and irrite</li> <li>nd Discussion</li> <li>Score</li> <li>1 2 3 4 5</li> <li>put 8 patients were screed</li> <li>were selected to study</li> <li>was 6 weeks.</li> </ul>	elieved even after es a veg ists for sometime elf ation score bt symptom score bt symptom score at	
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Severe - Continuous Mukha shushkata-		0 +	1 2 3 4	5	
Mild- Persists during kasa veg	1 / 1 1	Kantha ks			
Moderate - Persists even after kasa veg by Intake of water/liquids	but relieved	BT and A	Т		
Severe -Not relieved by intake of water/l	iquids	2			
Shushka kasan		1.5			
Mild- Precipitates with continuous sp	peaking and	1			
relieved by intake of water/liquids Moderate - Precipitates even without	speaking hut	0.5			
relieved by intake of water	pouring out	0	1 2 3 4	5	
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# Aayushi International Interdisciplinary Research Journal (AIIRJ)

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Vega prasaktata BT and AT



# **General Parameters-**

The distribution of patients by age reveals the occurrence of the disease can take place at any age.

- 1. The sex did not reveal any specific relation with the disease occurrence.
- 2. The distribution of the patients by occupation revealed that patients which were in service were likely to be more suffered from Vataj Kasa.
- 3. Maximum affected number showed Vishamagni and Mandagni indicating that occurrence of the disease was more in patients having Vishamagni and Mandagni..
- 4. Kroor koshthi children revealed more incidence might be due to tendency of Agnivaishamya.
- 5. Alpa Bala and Madhyamabala patients were affected mainly due to the lowered Vyadhipratyanikattva in those.
- 6. This is again not giving any specific result and relevance of disease in any particular Prakriti though incidence was more in Vatapradhan Prakriti.
- Patients having Ruksha, Kashaya aahar, raja, doom sevan, were found more prone to Vataj Kasa.

# Signs and Symptoms -

- 1. Ura shoola was observed to reduce with markedly significant value after treatment due to tendency of the drug by acting Katu Rasa and Ushna Guna which is more effective in Shoola prashamana.
- 2. Shira Shoola was again observed to reduce significantly after treatment since Vasa being

Ushna Veerya act as Vatanulomaka and Shoola har.

- Udar Shoola is again reduced with high significance but not relieved completely after treatment. Vasa ghrita has Deepana, Pachana, Laghu, Ushna, Sara properties.
- 4. Swarbheda is reduced significantly but not relieved completely since it has vatashamak property.
- Mukha Shushkata is reduced significantly but not relieved completely after treatment.
   Snigdha Guna of Ghrita showed better result.
- 6. Shushka Kasan which is a cardinal symptom of Vataj Kasa is magnificently reduced after treatment.
- 7. Vega Prasaktata was again magnificently reduced but not completely.
- 8. Kantha Kshobha was seen to get reduced after treatment due to Ushna, Snigdha, and Sara Guna, Vasa Siddha Ghrita played important role on irritation which was mainly caused by Ruksha, Sheet Guna and Pratilomita Vata.
- Relief by Shtheevana which was Upashayanupashayatmak symptom of Vataj Kasa showed magnificent improvement after treatment.
- 10.Relief by Snigdha, Amla, Lavana and Ushna Aahar which was again Upashayanupashayatmak symptom of Vataj Kasa gave better Upashayatmak response after treatment.

# LABORATORICAL AND RADIOLOGICAL EVALUATION-

- 1. The Haemoglobin per cent did not alter significantly.
- 2. The ESR is significantly reduced due infection was recovered.
- The RBC count did not alter with significance in the cases but it could be improved if drugs were given for long duration since they would act by Tikta, Laghu, Ushna Gunas.
- 4. TLC counts was significantly reduced after treatment since the infection was recovered.
- 5. Polymorphs were increased significantly after treatment due to markedly decrease in Eosinophil count.

- 6. The Lymphocyte count was somewhat increased due to relative decrease in Eosinophil count
- The Eosinophil count was magnificently decreased in both the groups since Tropical (Pulmonary) Eosinophilia can be considered under Vataj Kasa.
- 8. Monocytes did not reveal significant change in counts before and after treatment.
- 9. Basophiles counts were not observed to change significantly again due to freshly diagnosed cases.
- 10.X-Ray Chest P/A view were done in required patients which showed better improvement after treatment.

# **Outstanding Output -**

- 1. The clinical study reveals some magnificent facts that Pulmonary Eosinophilia can be taken under Vataj Kasa and both the drugs are also effective on Pulmonary eosinophilia. Also, can be used as an alternative in many resistant cases with minimal adverse drug reactions.
- 2. These drugs have given better efficacy in most other symptoms.
- 3. Drug and Basti did not cause any ADRs in patients.

Presented work was carried out with institutional research criteria and was undertaken with some specified aspects only with many of the unavoidable limitations. This work could be studied with different aspects of various types of Kasa and Respiratory Tract Infections to get a definitive solution against much of these unanswered questions. Also, research projects should be carried out with Ayurvedic Scholars taking these drugs as a future line of treatment in various Pranavaha Srotas Vyadhi and Respiratory Tract Infections in areas where the incidence of the disease is much more, and should come out with some useful outputs for the society.

Similarly, lots of preparations are mentioned in various Ayurvedic texts for Kasa. Many of the formulations are in use. These formulations can be studied on above mentioned parameters rigorously and vigorously to take them globally

### **Results And Conclusion:**

The experiment clearly concludes that Vasa Ghrita Matra Basti could be a remedy for Vataj Kasa and may be for Kshataj and Kshayaj Kasa as said in texts without causing any Adverse Drug Reactions and may prove itself as a strong solution for unanswered infections.

It also indicates that drug could be remedy for pulmonary Eosinophilia as this can be considered under Vataj Kasa.

Being herbal preparation itcan be used for long duration for the treatment of Chronic Respiratory Tract Infections since there was no Toxicity and Adverse Drug Reactions.

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